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## CASE

Concerning fetting up

## IMAGES

or Painting of them

IN

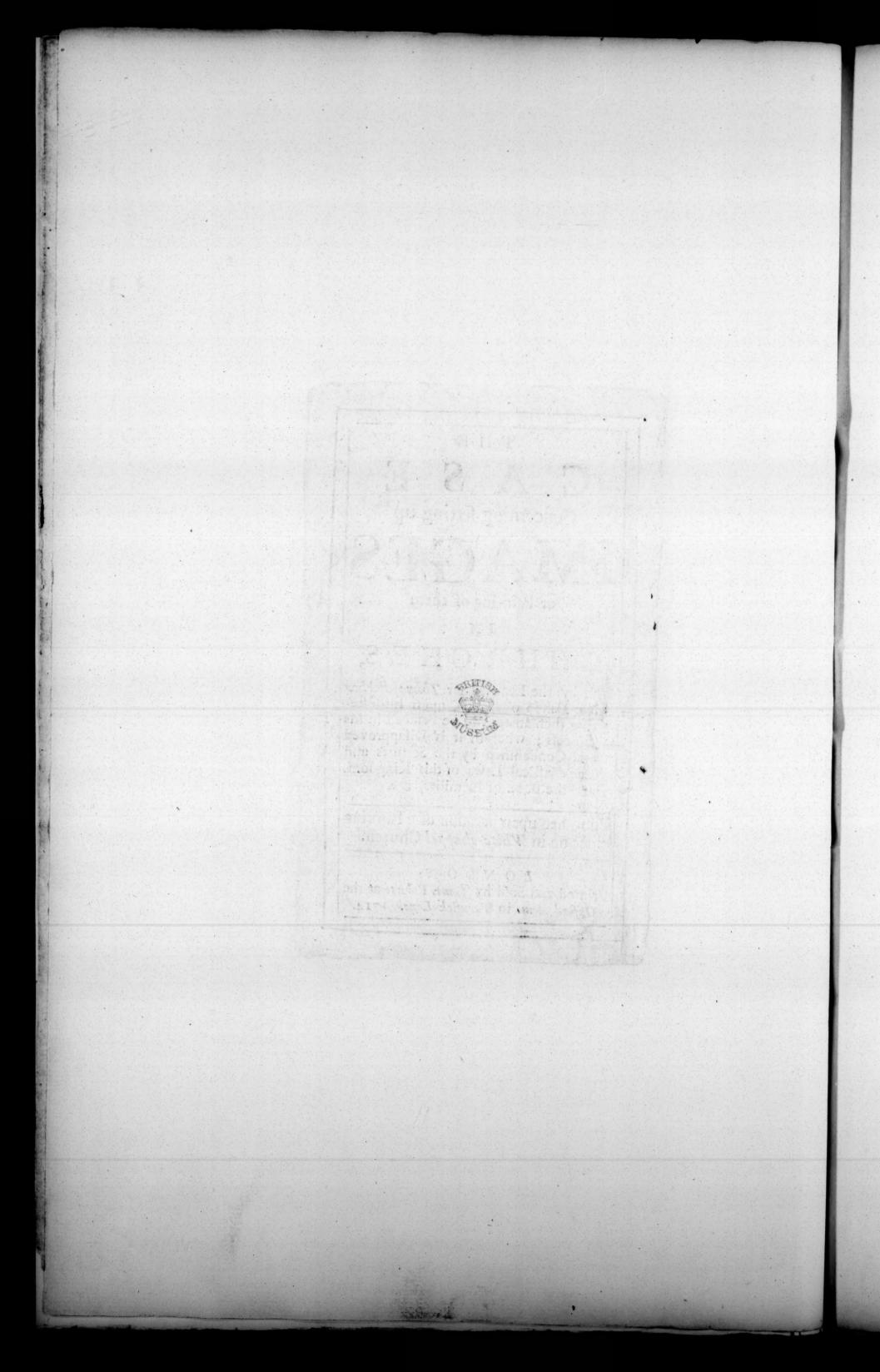
## CHURCHES,

Writ by the Learned Dr. Thomas Barlow late Bishop of Lincoln, upon his suffering such Images to be defaced in his Diocess; wherein it is Disapproved and Condemned by the Statutes and Ecclesiastical Laws of this Kingdom, and the Book of Homilies, &c.

Published upon occasion of a Painting set up in White-chappel Church.

LONDON:

Printed and Sold by James Roberts at the Oxford Arms in Warwick-Lane. 1714.



A Breviate of the Case concerning Setting up Images in the Parish Church of Moulton, in the Diocess and County of Lincoln, Anno 1683.

PON pretence of adorning and beautifying the Church, fome of the Parishioners did,

1. Wash out all the Sentences of Scripture formerly writ upon the Walls in that Church.

2. Then (without the Approbation and Advice, or the general Confent A 2 of

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of the Parish) they set up the Images of Five or Six of the Apostles; which giving great Offence, (for Thirty Seven of the \* Parishioners did under their Hands protest against it) they procured an Order from the Deputy-Chancellor of Lincoln, to approve and confirm what they had done, and authorize them to set up (as they were pleased to call them) more Effigies.

3. By this Order and Authority they set up the Images of Thirteen Apostles, St. Paul being one: The Image of Peter they placed above the Ten Commandments; and that of Paul, above the King's Arms; and the Holy Ghost in the Form of a Dove, over them; and (in contempt of the Translation of the Bible, approved and received in the Church of England, and in compliance with the erroneous

<sup>\*</sup> I have the original Protestation, signed by Thirty. Seven of the Parishioners Hands.

and

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4. Then (when they had done all this) they did (ex post facto) Petition the Bishop for his Approbation of what they had done, who denied their Petition, and for Reasons given them (some of which here follow) told them, that he never would, nor (de jure) could approve what they (without and against Law) had done.

order of his Deputy, as to the fetting up of those Images: and those who had done that Work (without the Consent of the Parish) appeal to the Arches, where now that Appeal depends.

This

<sup>\*</sup> Exod. 34. 30, 35. In the vulgar Latin it is, Facies Mosis erat Cornuta: Whereas their own most Learned Translators (Arias Montanus and Pagnine) are ashamed of it; and (as our English Version truly has it) render it, Resplendebat, aut Promicabat Facies Mosis.

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This is the Summ of what the Painter and Parishioners have done, (in setting up so many and such Images, as (I believe) no Church in England has seen since our Reformation, and (I hope) never will permit) and what the Deputy-Chancellor (as he and they think) consirmed. But what they have done is Unwarrantable and absolutely Illegal, contrary to our known Laws, against the Authority and Dottine of the Church of England, declared and Established both by our Ecclesiastical and Civil Laws, and (to omit others) in these Particulars.

Churches (which they pretended) is a Pious and worthy Work. But in doing this, the Way they took was Unwarrantable and Illegal; for our Supreme Power Ecclesiastical (the King in \* Convocation) requires, That our Churches should be decently beautified,

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not according to the Humour of an ignorant Painter and some few Parishioners, but according to an \* Homily published for that purpose; in which Homily (compared with the second Part of the † Homily for the right Use of Churches) it appears, that Images are so far from beautifying, that, if they be set up, they defile and pollute our Churches.

of Scripture, formerly writ upon the Walls, was absolutely Illegal, and by no Law Warrantable: For those Sentences were placed there (as appears by the || Canon) by the Supreme Power of the King in Convocation; and therefore for the Painter and Parishioners to take away that, which

<sup>\*</sup> The Homily for comely Adorning of Churches, in the fecond Book of Homilies, p. 77. Edit. London. (by the King's Authority) 1633. which Edition I shall always cite.

t In the second Book of Homilies, pag. 7. compared with p. 80. of the same Book.

| See the Canon 1 Jacobi, Can. 82.

The Case of setting up the Supreme Power had by express Canon placed there, must of necessity be Unwarrantable and absolutely Illegal.

Nor could the Deputy-Chancellor's Order (got ex post facto) consirm what they had illegally done: For it is both Reason and Law, that a Nullity is not capable of Confirmation, because Confirmation always presuppofeth some antecedent Right \* in the thing to be confirmed: It does not give a + Right, but does only strengthen an antecedent infirm Right. Now it is certain that the Parissioners had no Right to raze out those Texts of Scripture, which the Supreme Authority had placed there, and therefore no Order (got ex post facto) could confirm what they had Illegally done.

Virum & Uxorem, & Leg. & quia. S. de Jurisdict.

<sup>\*</sup> Confirmatio est Juris prius habiti Corroboratio.

Cap. inter Dilectos, extra. de Fide Instrument.

† Qui confirmat aliquid, is non censetur dare. Paulus Leg. Si donatæ, & si Sponsus, & de Donat. Inter

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3. Nor could the Deputy-Chancellor's Order (if they had procured it before they went to raze out those Texts of Scripture formerly writ upon the Walls) have given them any just Power to raze out those Texts; it being \* impossible that any inferior Judge or Court should null the Sentence of the Supreme.

I know that Pope Gregory the First (one of the first Introducers of Popish Superstition about Images) tells us, that Images are Laymen's Books, and that Pictures are as † prositable to Idiots who cannot, as the Scriptures are to those who can read them. An Assertion evidently erroneous and impious. And yet the Trent-Conventicle, to the same purpose, saith, That Images instruct and consirm the People

\* Quæ contra Jus fiunt, debent pro infectis haberi. De Reg. Juris. in 6. Reg. 64.

<sup>†</sup> Quod legentibus Scriptura, hoc Idiotis præstat Pictura illam cernentibus, &c. Gregorius Magnus Epist. ad Sennum, Tom. 4. pag. 349. Vide eundem, Tom. 4. Epist. 54. ad Secundinum, p. 271.

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in the Articles of Faith \* to their great Benefit. But God Almighty by his Prophet tells us, That Images are \* Teachers of Lies. This King James of happy Memory, and his pious and learned Convocation well knowing, and that the Church of England had condemned the setting up of Images in our Churches, (as shall anon appear) they Decree and Command, that instead of Popish Images, which were Teachers of Lies, the Ten Commandments, and choice + Sentences of Scripture, should be writ upon the Walls of our Churches, whence (without fear of Error) the People might learn Divine and Infallible Truths. And here the Saying of an antient and excellent Person is worthy of our Memory and Confideration; 'tis this, They deserve

<sup>\*</sup> Doceant Episcopi Picturis erudiri & confirmari Populum in Articulis Fidei commemorandis, & ex omnibus facris Imaginibus magnum fructum percipi. Concil. Trident. Seff. 25. in Decreto de Invocatione Sanctorum & facris Imaginibus.

<sup>†</sup> Habak. 2. 18, 19. Rom. 1. 23, 25. \*\*Canones 1 Jacobi, Can. 82.

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to err, who (as the Papists do) feek \* Christ and his Apostles, not in the Sacred Scriptures, but in Images and Pictures.

I know that the Painter and those few Parishioners, who were for taking away those Sentences of Scripture, antiently writ upon the Walls, have instead of them, writ some other Sentences of Scripture in several Places where none were before. But this does not excuse, but rather aggravate their Crime. For,

1. This was not done till some time after they had finished their Work, wash'd out the Texts of Scripture antiently writ upon the Walls, and set up all their Images: When sinding what they had done displeased many, (particularly their Bishop) and that

<sup>\*</sup> Errare meruerunt, qui Christum & Apostolos, non in sanctis Codicibus, sed pictis in Parietibus quæsiverunt. August. de Consensu Evangelist. cap. 10. Tom. 4. pag. 377. Edit. Basil. 1569.

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their Proceedings were censured as Illegal, and by no Law Warrantable; then, and not till then, they caused some other Texts of Scripture to be writ upon the Walls.

2. And this they did without any Advice or Direction of their Minister, or any who had the Cure of their Souls: Whereas the Canon required, that \* chosen Sentences of Scripture should be writ upon the Walls. And we may be fure that the pious and learned King and Convocation, who made that Canon, did not intend that the ignorant Painter and poor Parisbioners, but fome who had more Understanding, and Cure of their Souls, should chuse such Sentences as should be for the People's Edification, most plain and pertinent. But no more of this. For altho' what the Painter and a few private Persons, did against the Canon and Constitution of the Supreme Power, was Illegal, and by no Law Warrantable, yet the fetting

<sup>\*</sup> Canones r Jacobi, Can. 82.

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up Images in the place of those Sentences of Scripture, which they have erazed, was much worse, as being repugnant and directly contrary to the Doctrine of the Church of England, which has been and is approved, and by our Supreme Power at present stands established by our good Laws Ecclesiastical and Civil. That this may evidently appear, it is to be considered,

I. That the Popish Church in their Trent-Council, (which to them is an Oecumenical and General Council) does define and command, in order to their Superstitious and Idolatrous Worship of them, That the Images of their Saints be had and \* retained more especially in Churches, where the poor People may see, and have opportunity to worship them.

2. That in the Reformation of our Church, our Supreme Powers who re-

gularly

<sup>\*</sup> Imagines Christi, Deiparæ Virginis, & aliorum Sanctorum, in Templis præsertim habendæ & retinendæ, eisque Veneratio debita impertienda. Concil. Trident. Sess. 25. in Decreto de Invocat. & Venerat. Sanctorum & sacris Imaginibus.

gularly begun, and piously and happily finish'd it, expressly condemn'd not only the worshipping of Images, but the having them in our Churches.

This does evidently appear in our Authentick Records (to fay nothing of our Learned particular Writers) published by Supreme Authority to that purpose. For,

1. By the Injunctions of Edw. 6. it is commanded thus, \* They shall take away and utterly destroy all Shrines, &c. and all Pictures, Paintings, and all Monuments of Idolatry and Superstition, that there remain no memory of them in Walls, Windows, or elsewhere, &c.

2. And about three or four Years after, in the same King's time, it is by Act of Parliament expressly required, That all Images graven, carved or painted, which yet stand in any Church, should be defaced and destroyed. And tho' this Statute (in favour of Popish Superstition and Idolatry) was repealed by Q. Mary,

<sup>\*</sup> See the Injunctions of Edw. 6. to all his Subjects, as well Clergy as Laity, Anno 1547. Anno Regni fuis. Injunction

<sup>†</sup> Vide Statutum Anno 3 & 4 Edvardi 6. cap. 16.

§ Statutum 1 Mariæ, cap. 2.

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yet that Queen's Statute was by good K. Fames \* repealed; and to prevent and difcourage Popery, that Statute of Edw. 6. was expresly revived, and so remains still obligatory.

3. Q. Elizabeth in her † Injunctions, Injunct. 23. renews the Injunction of Edw. 6. in the same Words, That all Images, Paintings and Pictures, should be taken out of all Churches, &c.

4. And the Homilies published by Q. Elizabeth tell us, that Images de facto were taken out of Churches: For the Homily says, | That the Churches were scow-red and swept from the sinful and super-stitious Filthiness which defiled them: By which, as appears by the said \* Homilies, Images are principally meant.

5. To the fame purpose Cambden in

<sup>\*</sup> Statutum 1 Jacobi, cap. 25.

The Injunctions of Q. Elizabeth to all her Subjects, Clergy and Laity, An. 1559. Regniq; fui r. Injunct. 23.

| See the Homily for repairing and adorning of Churches, p. 80. in the Edition of our Homilies, Anno 1633.

Part 2. and this Homily is approved and confirmed by the King and Convocation, I Jac. An. 1603. Can. 85.

<sup>\*</sup> See the second Part of the Homily for the right use of Churches, p. 7. of the second Book of Homilies, of the aforesaid Edition, 1633.

his Life of Q. Eliz. tells us, That Images were actually removed out of our Churches, by the \* Authority of Parliament.

6. Once more, the learned and incomparable † B. Jewel, in his Defence of his Apology of the Church of England, doth both fay and prove, that Images ought not to be in any Churches, or Places of

God's Publick Worship.

By the Premisses it may, and I believe does appear, that in the Judgment of the Church of England, Images are not to be tolerated in our Churches, and Places of God's Publick Worship; and therefore they were removed and defaced by the Supreme Powers Ecclesiastical and Civil, declared and published in Canons of Convocation, and Acts of Parliament.

Object. But here it is objected by the Enemies of our Church and Reformation, that our Reformers have been so zealous and indifferently fierce against Images, that they have condemn'd the ingenious

<sup>\*</sup> Cambden's Elizabeth, lib.7. ad An. 1559. p. 17, & 20. of the English Edition.

<sup>†</sup> See B. Jewel's Defence of the Apology of the Church of England, in his Works Printed at London, An. 1621. Pag. 446, 447.

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Art of Painting, and even the civil Use

of Images.

Sol. But this is a malicious Calumny, and no real Consequence of our Churches Doctrine about linages, as has been exprefly and publickly declared both by

our Church and State. For,

1. Our Church has declared her Judgment, that all Images are not absolutely \* unlawful, or simply forbidden in the New Testament, but only some, in some Place's and Circumstances, when they may (especially to poor ignorant People) be dangerous Occasions of Superstition and Idolatry: and more expressly a little after, the Words are thele; We are not so + scrupulous, as to abhor Flowers wrought in Carpets, Hangings, Arras, &c. or Images of Princes on their Coin: nor do we condemn the Art of Painting or Image-making, &c. Whence it is evident, that our Church is neither against the Art of Painting; nor any Civil Use of Images.

2. Our State has (by express Act of

Parlia-

<sup>\*</sup> See the third part of the Homily against the Peril of Idolatry, in the beginning of it, p. 39. of the Jecond Book of Homilies, printed 1633. + In the fame Homily against the Peril of Idolatry ; p.44.

Parliament) declared, even in the time of our Reformation, that they did not condemn any Civil Use of Images. For even in that Statute in which they severely condemn, and command the defacing Images in Churches, they have this Proviso, "\* Provided always, that this Act shall "not extend to any Images or Pictures, "set or engraven on any Tomb, in any "Church, Chappel, or Church-yard, on-"ly for a Monument of any King, Prince, "Noble-man, or any other dead Person, "which hath not commonly been reputed for a Saint, but that all such Ima-"ges may continue.

Whence it is evident, that our Church at the Reformation, did not condemn any Civil Use of Images, no not in sacred Places, as Church-yards, Chappels or Churches, much less in other Places. And that we may more distinctly know what Images they condemn'd, and why they would not tolerate them in Churches; It

is further to be confidered;

1. That the Church of England absolutely condemns all Images of the Trinity,

<sup>\*</sup> Vide Statutum An. 3 & 4 Edvardi 6. cap. 10.

or any \* Person in it, (Father, Son, or Holy Ghost) as absolutely unlawful, and expresly condemned in + Scripture. Such Images are not to be tolerated neither in

nor out of Churches.

2. No Images of our | Bleffed Saviour, of any Saints and Martyrs, (which with stupid Superstition and Idolatry have been, and still are worshipped in the Popish Church) are, in the Judgment of our Church, to be tolerated in our Temples, or any Place of God's publick Worship. For if they be, it will be to the great and \* unavoidable danger of Idolatry. This, I conceive, is the approved and received Dostrin of the Church of England: and that it may more plainly and diffinctly appear to be so, I shall cite the Judgment of our Church, and her Reasons for it, in her own express Words: And amongst other things (too many to be transcrib'd) fhe plainly tells us;

1. That it is an ungodly thing to fet

<sup>\*</sup> See the third part of the Homily against the Peril of Idolatry, in the second Book of Homilies, p. 40.
† Deut. 4. 12,15,16,23. Ila. 40. 18. Rom. 1. 23,25.
|| See the last named Homily, Book 2. p. 42.

<sup>||</sup> See the last named Homily, Book 2. p. 42.

\* Ibid. pag. 42.

† In the second Book of Homilies, pag. 7.

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up Images or Idols (which in her \* Judgment fignify the fame thing) in our Churches, because it may give a great occasion of worshipping them.

2. That Images in Churches, painted on Clothes or Walls, are + unlawful, and

contrary to Christian Religion.

3. That setting up Images in || Churches, is to the great and unavoidable danger of. Idolatry; and that the Law of God is \* against it.

4. That the setting up the Image of God, of our + Blessed Saviour, or any Saints, is not tolerable in Churches, but against God's

Law.

5. We be to the fetters up and maintainers of Images || in Churches.

6. It is not possible, if Images be in

Churches, to \* avoid Idolatry.

7. Images of God, our bleffed Saviour, and the holiest Saints, are of all others the + most dangerous to be in Churches.

8. Images in Churches are a || Snare and

<sup>\*</sup> Ibidem, pag. 12, 13. † In the second Book of Homilies, pag. 24. \* Ibidem, p. 43.

Holdem, p. 45,46. \* Ibidem, pag. 56, 58, 60, 61.

IIIbidem, p. 55.

<sup>†</sup> Ibidem, p. 61,75. || Ibidem, p. 65. tempung

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which

tempting of God, to the great danger and destruction of many.

9. That Images in Churches, in the Judgment of the Prophet and Apostle, are only \* Teachers of Lies.

10. God's borrible Wrath cannot be avoided, without † utter abolishing Images in Churches.

This is evidently the express Doctrine of our Homilies, which absolutely condemns not only the worshipping, but having Images in our Churches. And it is no less evident, that the Homilies, and the Doctrine contained in them, are both approved, received and established by the Supreme Authority of our Church and State, Canons of Convocation, and Alts of Parliament. This will appear,

who commends the diligent reading of our Articles and Homilies, set forth by the Authority of the Church of England.

1. By the Convocation of Q. Elizabeth, (the Supreme Ecclefiastical Power)

<sup>\*</sup> Ibidem, pag. 72. Hab. 2. 18. Rom. 1 23, 25.

<sup>†</sup> Ibidem, pag. 75.

| See K. James bis Directions to the Clergy of England, Anno 1622. They are in Dr. Heylin's Cyprianus Anglicus, pag. 93. Direct. 1, 4.

which expressly and particularly names and approves all our Homilies, and declares the Dostrine contained in them, to be a godly Dostrine; as appears by the \* Articles of our Church, composed and published in that Convocation.

3. By the Convocation I facobi. For as the Article last named declares our Homilies to contain a godly Dostrine, so the † Convocation of King fames, declares all things contained in that Article, to be agreeable to the Word of God.

4. All the Clergy of || England, all Graduates in the Universities, all \* Chancellors, Commissaries and Officials, before they exercise any Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, are willingly, and ex animo to assent, consent, approve, and subscribe these Articles, and this Doctrine, and that absolutely, without any || Glosses or Senses of their own.

5. And these Subscriptions are required (and so the Doctrine subscribed to

confirm'd)

<sup>\*</sup> In the 35th. Article. + Conv. 1 Jacobi, Can. 36. \* Ibidem. Can. 127.

<sup>†</sup> Ibidem, Can. 36. My Ld. Coke's Institutes, Part 4. cap. 74. pag. 323, 324.

confirm'd) by feveral \* Acts of Parlia= ment. 6. And if any impugn this Dostrine, fo

declar'd and establish'd by the Supreme Power, or maintain any Doctrine contrary or repugnant to it, he is by our + Canons to be excommunicated ipso facto; and by the | Statute, if he be a beneficed Clergyman, deprived.

The Premisses being certain and evident Truths, the natural and necessary Confequences which follow from them,

to omit others, will be thefe.

1. That neither the Deputy-Chancellor of Lincoln, nor any inferiour Court, has or can have any just Authority or Power to approve and authorize the fetting up of fuch Images in the Church, which by the Supreme Power (Ecclefiaftical and Civil, in Convocation and Parliament) is expresly condemn'd as altogether unlawful, and to the poor ignorant People pernicious.

2. That they who maintain and en-

Statutum 13. Elizabethæ, cap. 12.

courage

<sup>\*</sup> See the Statute 13. Eliz. cap. in, and the Statute
14. Car. 2. The Ad of Uniformity.

Vide Canones I Jacobi, Can. 5.

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courage this Doctrine of fetting up Images in our Churches, if they perfift in it, are by our known Laws now in Force, to be excommunicated ipso facto; and if they be beneficed Clergy-men, to be deprived. Viderint quorum interest.

3. And if any Ecclefiaftical Judg or Court (quod absit) should approve, authorize or encourage the fetting up of fuch Images in our Churches, it evidently follows from the Premisses, that in fo doing, they approve and authorize that which the Church of England has publickly declared to be dangerous against the Law of God, against Christian Religion, and (to many) pernicious. And therefore we have reason to believe, that no good Son of the Church of England, will approve, authorize or encourage that which his Holy Mother has fo absolutely and publickly condemned.

1. 3. They Coure D. K. hold me on they
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get with being supported by of then hiriting
bet they decline approximation or the
vening the thankellow order.

